# SIEMENS Safety notes 2 SITRANS L Ultrasonic level transducers Transducers Transducers Technical data Applications Applications Certificates Installing/mounting Applications Applications B

**Support** 

7ML1100 (ST-H Transducer)
7ML1105 (Echomax XRS-5C Transducer)
7ML1106 (Echomax XRS-5 Transducer)
7ML1115 (Echomax XPS-10 Transducer)
7ML1118 (Echomax XPS-15 Transducer)

7ML1118 (Echomax XPS-15 Transducer) 7ML1123 (Echomax XPS-30 Transducer)

### Legal information

### Warning notice system

This manual contains notices you have to observe in order to ensure your personal safety, as well as to prevent damage to property. The notices referring to your personal safety are highlighted in the manual by a safety alert symbol, notices referring only to property damage have no safety alert symbol. These notices shown below are graded according to the degree of danger.

### **DANGER**

indicates that death or severe personal injury will result if proper precautions are not taken.

### **▲**WARNING

indicates that death or severe personal injury may result if proper precautions are not taken.

# **A**CAUTION

indicates that minor personal injury can result if proper precautions are not taken.

### NOTICE

indicates that property damage can result if proper precautions are not taken.

If more than one degree of danger is present, the warning notice representing the highest degree of danger will be used. A notice warning of injury to persons with a safety alert symbol may also include a warning relating to property damage.

### **Qualified Personnel**

The product/system described in this documentation may be operated only by **personnel qualified** for the specific task in accordance with the relevant documentation, in particular its warning notices and safety instructions. Qualified personnel are those who, based on their training and experience, are capable of identifying risks and avoiding potential hazards when working with these products/systems.

### Proper use of Siemens products

Note the following:

# **A**WARNING

Siemens products may only be used for the applications described in the catalog and in the relevant technical documentation. If products and components from other manufacturers are used, these must be recommended or approved by Siemens. Proper transport, storage, installation, assembly, commissioning, operation and maintenance are required to ensure that the products operate safely and without any problems. The permissible ambient conditions must be complied with. The information in the relevant documentation must be observed.

### **Trademarks**

All names identified by ® are registered trademarks of Siemens AG. The remaining trademarks in this publication may be trademarks whose use by third parties for their own purposes could violate the rights of the owner.

### Disclaimer of Liability

We have reviewed the contents of this publication to ensure consistency with the hardware and software described. Since variance cannot be precluded entirely, we cannot guarantee full consistency. However, the information in this publication is reviewed regularly and any necessary corrections are included in subsequent editions.

# Table of contents

1	Introduction	on	5
	1.1	Purpose of this documentation	5
	1.2	Checking the consignment	5
	1.3	Security information	5
	1.4	Transportation and storage	6
	1.5	Notes on warranty	6
	1.6	About Siemens' Transducers	7
2	Safety no	tes	g
	2.1 2.1.1 2.1.2 2.1.3 2.1.4	Preconditions for use	9 9 10
	2.2	Use in hazardous areas	
_	2.3	Requirements for special applications	
3	•	mounting	
	3.1 3.1.1 3.1.1.1 3.1.2	Basic safety notes	14 14
	3.2	Disassembly	16
	3.3 3.3.1 3.3.2 3.3.3	Outline and DimensionsXPS TransducersXRS-5XRS-1	17 18
	3.4 3.4.1 3.4.2 3.4.2.1 3.4.2.2 3.4.2.3	Mounting Solids applications Liquids applications XPS Transducers XRS-5 ST-H	20 21 21
4	Connecting		
	4.1 4.1.1	Basic safety notes  Connecting device in energized state in hazardous areas	
	4.2	Connecting note	29
	4.3	Direct connection	30

	4.4	Coaxial connection	31
	4.5	2 Wire Extension	32
	4.6	3 Terminal	32
5	Technical	data	34
	5.1	Specifications	34
Α	Applications		
	A.1 A.1.1 A.1.2 A.1.3 A.1.4 A.1.5	Liquids applications Stilling well with standpipe Submergence Standpipes Volume Water/wastewater	36 37 38
	A.2 A.2.1 A.2.2	Solids applications Typical Special	42
В	Certificates		
	B.1	Wiring setups for hazardous area installations	47
	B.2	Instructions specific to hazardous area installations	49
С	Support		51
	C.1	Technical support	51
	C.2	Certificates	51
	Index		52

Introduction

# 1.1 Purpose of this documentation

These instructions are a brief summary of important features, functions and safety information, and contain all information required for safe use of the device. Read the instructions carefully prior to installation and commissioning. In order to use the device correctly, first review its principle of operation.

The instructions are aimed at persons who install and commission the device.

To realize optimum performance from the device, read the complete operating instructions.

# 1.2 Checking the consignment

- 1. Check the packaging and the delivered items for visible damages.
- 2. Report any claims for damages immediately to the shipping company.
- 3. Retain damaged parts for clarification.
- 4. Check the scope of delivery by comparing your order to the shipping documents for correctness and completeness.



Using a damaged or incomplete device

Risk of explosion in hazardous areas.

Do not use damaged or incomplete devices.

# 1.3 Security information

Siemens provides products and solutions with industrial security functions that support the secure operation of plants, systems, machines, and networks.

In order to protect plants, systems, machines and networks against cyber threats, it is necessary to implement – and continuously maintain – a holistic, state-of-the-art industrial security concept. Siemens' products and solutions only form one element of such a concept.

Customer is responsible to prevent unauthorized access to its plants, systems, machines and networks. Systems, machines and components should only be connected to the enterprise network or the internet if and to the extent necessary and with appropriate security measures (e.g. use of firewalls and network segmentation) in place.

Additionally, Siemens' guidance on appropriate security measures should be taken into account. For more information about industrial security, please visit: http://www.siemens.com/industrialsecurity.

### 1.4 Transportation and storage

Siemens' products and solutions undergo continuous development to make them more secure. Siemens strongly recommends to apply product updates as soon as available and to always use the latest product versions. Use of product versions that are no longer supported, and failure to apply latest updates may increase customer's exposure to cyber threats.

To stay informed about product updates, subscribe to the Siemens Industrial Security RSS Feed under

http://www.siemens.com/industrialsecurity.

# 1.4 Transportation and storage

To guarantee sufficient protection during transport and storage, observe the following:

- Keep the original packaging for subsequent transportation.
- Devices/replacement parts should be returned in their original packaging.
- If the original packaging is no longer available, ensure that all shipments are properly
  packaged to provide sufficient protection during transport. Siemens cannot assume
  liability for any costs associated with transportation damages.

### NOTICE

### Insufficient protection during storage

The packaging only provides limited protection against moisture and infiltration.

Provide additional packaging as necessary.

Special conditions for storage and transportation of the device are listed in Technical data (Page 34).

# 1.5 Notes on warranty

The contents of this manual shall not become part of or modify any prior or existing agreement, commitment or legal relationship. The sales contract contains all obligations on the part of Siemens as well as the complete and solely applicable warranty conditions. Any statements regarding device versions described in the manual do not create new warranties or modify the existing warranty.

The content reflects the technical status at the time of publishing. Siemens reserves the right to make technical changes in the course of further development.

### 1.6 About Siemens' Transducers

### Note

This product is intended for use in industrial areas. Operation of this equipment in a residential area may cause interference to several frequency based communications.

The transducers operate in association with Siemens' ultrasonic level monitoring products by converting electrical pulses that are provided by the transceiver into ultrasonic pulses. When transmitted, these ultrasonic pulses reflect from the material surface and echo back to the transducer. The echo is converted back to an electrical signal, and is interpreted by the Siemens transceiver using our proven Sonic Intelligence™ algorithms.

The effective acoustical energy is emitted from the transducer face and radiated outward, decreasing in amplitude at a rate inversely proportional to the square of the distance.

Maximum power is radiated axially (perpendicular) from the transducer face in a line referred to as the axis of transmission. Where power is reduced by half (– 3 dB), a conical boundary defining the sound beam, centered about the axis of transmission, is established. The diametric measurement of the cone in degrees defines the beam angle. Impedance matching techniques are used to optimize the transfer of power from the transducer into air and vice versa.

All transducers incorporate an integral temperature sensor that reports the air temperature at the transducer to the transceiver. The connection is transparent, in that both the ultrasonic and temperature components of the transducer use the same leads.

### 1.6 About Siemens' Transducers

XPS-10, XPS-15/15F, XPS-30, XRS-5/5C	ST-H	Transducer with explosion proof conduit seal
2 3 4 6	2 3 4 6	

- Explosion proof conduit seal<sup>1)</sup>
- ② Transducer
- Transducer face
- (4) 3 db boundary
- (5) Axis of transmission<sup>2)</sup>
- 1) Optional
- 2) Perpendicular to Transducer face

### Note

### Use in hazardous areas

The XPS-15F and XRS-5C already have a built-in explosion proof conduit seal.

All other transducers may need the optional explosion proof conduit seal for use in hazardous areas according to local codes and guidelines.

Safety notes 2

# 2.1 Preconditions for use

This device left the factory in good working condition. In order to maintain this status and to ensure safe operation of the device, observe these instructions and all the specifications relevant to safety.

Observe the information and symbols on the device. Do not remove any information or symbols from the device. Always keep the information and symbols in a completely legible state.

# 2.1.1 Warning symbols on device

Symbol	Explanation
$\triangle$	Consult operating instructions

### 2.1.2 Laws and directives

Observe the safety rules, provisions and laws applicable in your country during connection, assembly and operation. These include, for example:

- National Electrical Code (NEC NFPA 70) (USA)
- Canadian Electrical Code (CEC) (Canada)

Further provisions for hazardous area applications are for example:

- IEC 60079-14 (international)
- EN 60079-14 (EU)

# 2.1.3 Improper device modifications



### Improper device modifications

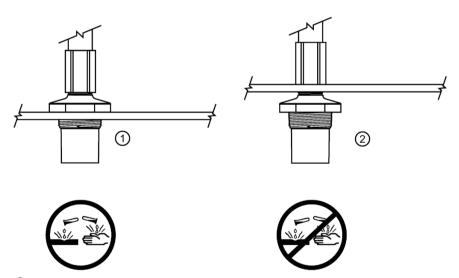
Risk to personnel, system and environment can result from modifications to the device, particularly in hazardous areas.

Only carry out modifications that are described in the instructions for the device. Failure
to observe this requirement cancels the manufacturer's warranty and the product
approvals.

# 2.1.4 Safety Precautions

The ST-H transducer body is a two part design molded in PVDF or ETFE with internal parts potted in epoxy. The joint between the upper and lower sections is not a hermetic seal. The structural integrity of the transducer will be compromised if the joint is exposed to an environment that attacks epoxy. As a result, the top section will separate from the main body of the transducer.

For environments that are compatible with PVDF or ETFE but may degrade epoxy, the transducer must be mounted through a flange or stub mount using the 2" thread on the lower section of the transducer. The joint between upper and lower sections of the transducer must be isolated from the corrosive environment.



- ① Suitable for use in a corrosive environment
- 2 Not suitable for use in a corrosive environment



### Risk of explosion

If the top section separates from the main body of the transducer, live circuitry will be exposed to the hazardous environment, increasing the risk of an explosion if volatile or explosive dusts or gases are in sufficient concentration. A malfunction of the level system may also occur, which may affect the process using the ultrasonic ranging system.

# 2.2 Use in hazardous areas

### Qualified personnel for hazardous area applications

Persons who install, connect, commission, operate, and service the device in a hazardous area must have the following specific qualifications:

- They are authorized, trained or instructed in operating and maintaining devices and systems according to the safety regulations for electrical circuits, high pressures, aggressive, and hazardous media.
- They are authorized, trained, or instructed in carrying out work on electrical circuits for hazardous systems.
- They are trained or instructed in maintenance and use of appropriate safety equipment according to the pertinent safety regulations.



### Use in hazardous area

Risk of explosion.

- Only use equipment that is approved for use in the intended hazardous area and labelled accordingly.
- Don't use devices that have been operated outside the conditions secified for hazardous areas. If you have used the device outside the conditions for hazardous areas permanently make all Ex markings unrecognizable on the nameplate.

# 2.3 Requirements for special applications

Due to the large number of possible applications, each detail of the described device versions for each possible scenario during commissioning, operation, maintenance or operation in systems cannot be considered in the instructions. If you need additional information not covered by these instructions, contact your local Siemens office or company representative.

### Note

### Operation under special ambient conditions

We highly recommend that you contact your Siemens representative or our application department before you operate the device under special ambient conditions as can be encountered in nuclear power plants or when the device is used for research and development purposes.

### Note

### Operation under special atmospheric conditions

Ultrasonic measurement requires that the sound wave travel through the atmosphere in a consistent manner. Applications with atmospheric conditions different from air (including, but not limited to, gas layer stratification, very high methane or CO<sub>2</sub> concentrations), should be properly assessed to ensure safe, reliable use in the event of measurement errors due to sound wave velocity changes.

Installing/mounting 3

# 3.1 Basic safety notes



### Pressure applications

Danger to personnel, system and environment will result from improper disassembly.

• Never attempt to loosen, remove, or disassemble process connection while vessel contents are under pressure.



### Wetted parts unsuitable for the process media

Risk of injury or damage to device.

Hot, toxic and corrosive media could be released if the process medium is unsuitable for the wetted parts.

• Ensure that the material of the device parts wetted by the process medium is suitable for the medium. Refer to the information in Technical data (Page 34).

### Note

### Material compatibility

Siemens can provide you with support concerning selection of sensor components wetted by process media. However, you are responsible for the selection of components. Siemens accepts no liability for faults or failures resulting from incompatible materials.



### MYKIMING

# Unsuitable connecting parts

Risk of injury or poisoning.

In case of improper mounting, hot, toxic, and corrosive process media could be released at the connections.

 Ensure that connecting parts (such as flange gaskets and bolts) are suitable for connection and process media.

### 3.1 Basic safety notes



### Exceeded maximum permissible operating pressure

Risk of injury or poisoning.

The maximum permissible operating pressure depends on the device version, pressure limit and temperature rating. The device can be damaged if the operating pressure is exceeded. Hot, toxic and corrosive process media could be released.

Ensure that maximum permissible operating pressure of the device is not exceeded. Refer to the information on the nameplate and/or in Technical data (Page 34).



### Hot surfaces resulting from hot process media

Risk of burns resulting from surface temperatures above 65 °C (149 °F).

- Take appropriate protective measures, for example contact protection.
- Make sure that protective measures do not cause the maximum permissible ambient temperature to be exceeded. Refer to the information in Technical data (Page 34).



### External stresses and loads

Damage to device by severe external stresses and loads (e.g. thermal expansion or pipe tension). Process media can be released.

• Prevent severe external stresses and loads from acting on the device.

# 3.1.1 Installation location requirements

### 3.1.1.1 Insufficient air supply



### WARNING

### Insufficient air supply

The device may overheat if there is an insufficient supply of air.

- Install the device so that there is sufficient air supply in the room.
- Observe the maximum permissible ambient temperature. Refer to the information in the section Technical data (Page 34).



### Aggressive atmospheres

Damage to device through penetration of aggressive vapors.

Ensure that the device is suitable for the application.



### Direct sunlight

Device damage.

The device can overheat or materials become brittle due to UV exposure.

- Protect the device from direct sunlight.
- Make sure that the maximum permissible ambient temperature is not exceeded. Refer to the information in Technical data (Page 34).

### **NOTICE**

### Strong vibrations

Damage to device.

 In installations with strong vibrations, mount the transmitter in a low vibration environment.

# 3.1.2 Proper mounting



### Loss of type of protection

Damage to device if the enclosure is open or not properly closed. The type of protection specified on the nameplate or in Technical data (Page 34) is no longer guaranteed.

Make sure that the device is securely closed.

### 3.2 Disassembly

### NOTICE

### Incorrect mounting

The device can be damaged, destroyed, or its functionality impaired through improper mounting.

- Before installing ensure there is no visible damage to the device.
- Make sure that process connectors are clean, and suitable gaskets and glands are used.
- Mount the device using suitable tools. Refer to the information in Technical data (Page 34).

# 3.2 Disassembly



### WARNING

### Incorrect disassembly

The following risks may result from incorrect disassembly:

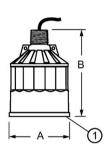
- Injury through electric shock
- Risk through emerging media when connected to the process
- Risk of explosion in hazardous area

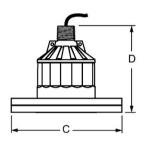
In order to disassemble correctly, observe the following:

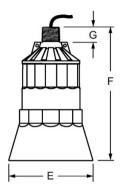
- Before starting work, make sure that you have switched off all physical variables such as pressure, temperature, electricity etc. or that they have a harmless value.
- If the device contains hazardous media, it must be emptied prior to disassembly. Make sure that no environmentally hazardous media are released.
- Secure the remaining connections so that no damage can result if the process is started unintentionally.

# 3.3 Outline and Dimensions

# 3.3.1 XPS Transducers







# 1 Radiating face

Dimension	XPS-10	XPS-15	XPS-30	
Α	88 mm (3.4")	121 mm (4.8")	175 mm (6.9")	
B 122 mm (4.8")		132 mm (5.2")	198 mm (7.8")	
С	to suit ANSI, DIN an	to suit ANSI, DIN and JIS standards		
D1)	128 mm (5.0")	138 mm (5.4")	204 mm (8.0")	
Е	124 mm (4.9")	158 mm (6.2")	n/a	
F	152 mm (6.0")	198 mm (7.8")	n/a	
G	28 mm (1.1") 28 mm (1.1") 28 mm (1.1")		28 mm (1.1")	

<sup>1)</sup> Nominal



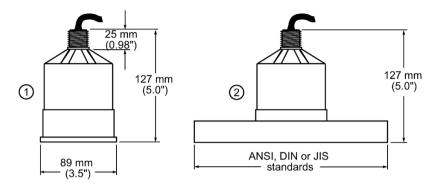
### **MARNING**

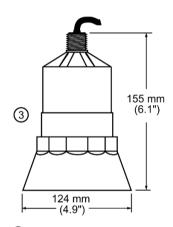
### Potential hazard

Optional Split Flange, Bonded Flange, and Easy Aimer configurations are not suitable for pressure applications.

### 3.3 Outline and Dimensions

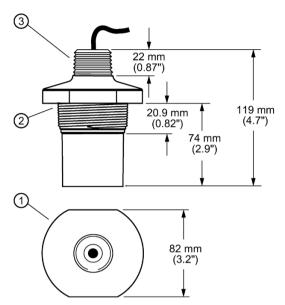
# 3.3.2 XRS-5





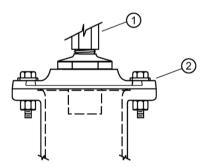
- ① Standard
- ② Flange (Optional)
- 3 Submergence Shield (Optional)

# 3.3.3 ST-H



- ① 87 mm Ø (3.4")
- ② 2" NPT, R 2" (BSPT), or G 2" (BSPP) mounting thread (process connection)
- 3 1" NPT conduit thread

### Flange Adapter



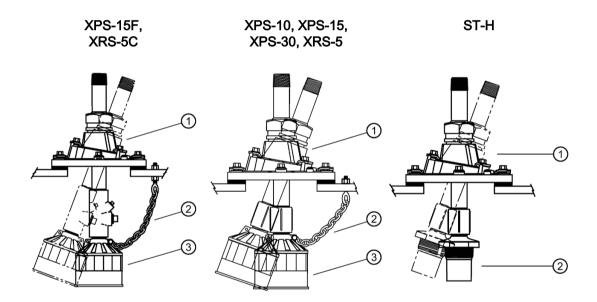
- 1 Plastic type coupling
- ② Siemens flange adapter

# 3.4 Mounting

### Note

- The transducer is to be used only in the manner outlined in this operating instructions.
- Normally, the transducer requires no cleaning or maintenance. However, if performance changes are observed, immediately shut down the level measurement system and perform a thorough inspection, especially on the transducer.
- An XPS-15F transducer is shown in these examples. An explosion proof conduit seal may not be required.

# 3.4.1 Solids applications

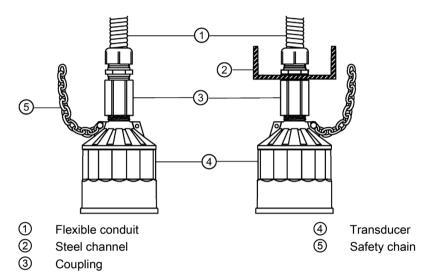


- Easy aimer (typical model)
- ② Safety chain
- ③ Transducer

# 3.4.2 Liquids applications

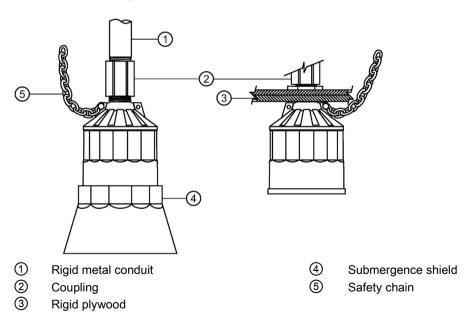
### 3.4.2.1 XPS Transducers

### Flexible Conduit and Bracket



Flexible conduit mounted transducer should not be subjected to wind, vibration, or jarring.

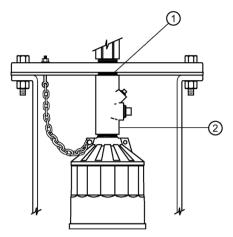
### Submersible and Plywood



Transducer with submergence shield, used in applications where flooding is possible.

Plywood mounting provides excellent isolation, but must be rigid enough to avoid flexing if subjected to loading.

### 3.4 Mounting



- 1 Nipple welded to blind flange
- Optional hazardous seal

Flange, gasket, and hardware supplied by customer.

### Note

Tighten the flange bolts evenly in order to ensure a good seal between the mating flanges.

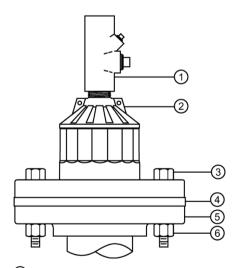


# CAUTION

### Potential performance degradation

Overtightening can cause performance degradation.

• Do not tighten with excessive force.



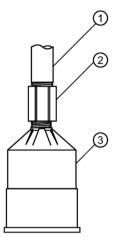
- Optional hazardous seal
- ② Factory flanged transducer
- 3 Bolt

- Gasket (customer supplied)
- 5 Customer flange, flat face only
- 6 Nut

Customer flanged standpipe. If a metal flange must be welded to pipe, refer to Liquid Applications - Standpipes in the Transducer Applications Manual.

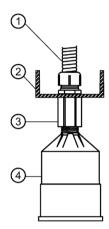
### 3.4.2.2 XRS-5

# **Suspended Conduit**



- Rigid metal
- ② Coupling
- 3 Transducer

### **Bracket**

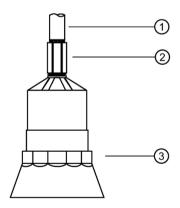


- Flexible conduit
- Steel channel
- 3 Coupling
- 4 Transducer

### Note

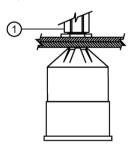
Flexible conduit transducer should not be subjected to wind, vibration or jarring.

### Submersible



- Rigid metal
- ② Coupling
- 3 Submergence shield

# **Plywood**



① Coupling

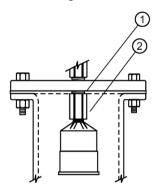
### 3.4 Mounting

### Note

Submersible transducer, used in applications where flooding is possible.

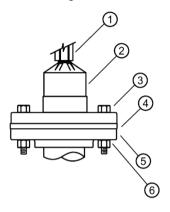
Plywood mounting provides excellent isolation, but must be rigid enough to avoid flexing if subjected to loading.

### **Blind Flange**



- Nipple welded to blind flange
- ② Coupling

### Face Flange



- ① Coupling
- (2) Factory flanged transducer
- (3) Bolt
- (4) Gasket (Customer supplied)
- (5) Customer flanged, flat face only
- 6 Nut

### Note

Tighten the flange bolts evenly in order to ensure a good seal between the mating flanges.

### 3.4.2.3 ST-H

### **Non-corrosive Applications**

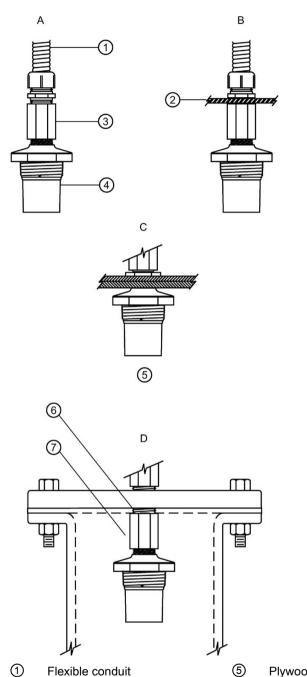


### WARNING

### Corrosive

Not suitable for use in a corrosive environment.

- A Flexible Conduit
- **B** Bracket
- C Plywood
- D Blind Flange



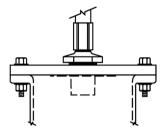
- ② Steel plate
- ③ Plastic type coupling
- 4 Transducer

- Plywood mounting provides excellent isolation, but must be rigid enough to avoid flexing if subjected to loading.
- 6 Nipple welded to blind flange
- Plastic type coupling

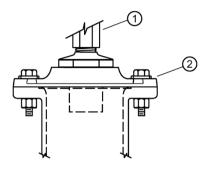
### 3.4 Mounting

### **Corrosive Applications**

### **Blind Flange**



### Flanged



- 1) Plastic type coupling
- Siemens flange adapter

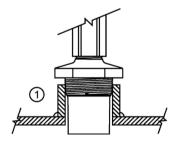
### Note

Flange, gasket, and hardware supplied by customer.

Customer flanged standpipe. If a metal flange must be welded to pipe, refer to the Transducer Application Manual available at http://www.siemens.com/processautomation (https://w3.siemens.com/mcms/sensor-systems/en/process-instrumentation/level-measurement-with-level-measuring-

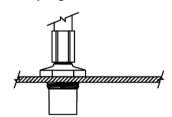
instruments/continuous/ultrasonic/transducers/Pages/transducers.aspx).

### Coupling



2" coupling welded to tank top

### Coupling



Connecting

# 4.1 Basic safety notes



### Incorrect conduit system

Risk of explosion in hazardous areas as result of open cable inlet or incorrect conduit system.

 In the case of a conduit system, mount a spark barrier at a defined distance from the device input. Observe national regulations and the requirements stated in the relevant approvals.

### See also

Technical data (Page 34)



### Hazardous contact voltage

Risk of electric shock in case of incorrect connection.

- For the electrical connection specifications, refer to the information in Technical data (Page 34).
- At the mounting location of the device observe the applicable directives and laws for installation of electrical power installations with rated voltages below 1000 V.



### Unprotected cable ends

Risk of explosion through unprotected cable ends in hazardous areas.

Protect unused cable ends in accordance with IEC/EN 60079-14.



### Improper laying of shielded cables

Risk of explosion through compensating currents between hazardous area and the non-hazardous area.

- Shielded cables that cross into hazardous areas should be grounded only at one end.
- If grounding is required at both ends, use an equipotential bonding conductor.

### 4.1 Basic safety notes

# 4.1.1 Connecting device in energized state in hazardous areas



### Connecting device in energized state

Risk of explosion in hazardous areas.

• Connect devices in hazardous areas only in a de-energized state.

### **Exceptions:**

- Devices having the type of protection "Intrinsic safety Ex i" may also be connected in energized state in hazardous areas.
- Exceptions for type of protection "Increased safety ec" (Zone 2) are regulated in the relevant certificate.



### Incorrect selection of type of protection

Risk of explosion in areas subject to explosion hazard.

This device is approved for several types of protection.

- 1. Decide in favor of one type of protection.
- 2. Connect the device in accordance with the selected type of protection.
- 3. In order to avoid incorrect use at a later point, make the types of protection that are not used permanently unrecognizable on the nameplate.

### NOTICE

### Ambient temperature too high

Damage to cable sheath.

 At an ambient temperature ≥ 60 °C (140 °F), use heat-resistant cables suitable for an ambient temperature at least 20 °C (36 °F) higher.

### NOTICE

### Condensation in the device

Damage to device through formation of condensation if the temperature difference between transportation or storage and the mounting location exceeds 20 °C (36 °F).

 Before taking the device into operation let the device adapt for several hours in the new environment.

### Note

### Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)

You can use this device in industrial environments, households and small businesses.

### Note

### Improvement of interference immunity

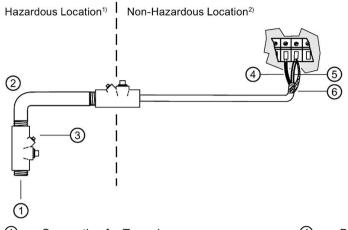
- Lay signal cables separate from cables with voltages > 60 V.
- · Use cables with twisted wires.
- Keep device and cables at a distance from strong electromagnetic fields.
- Take account of the conditions for communication specified in the Technical data (Page 34).
- Use shielded cables to guarantee the full specification according to HART/PA/FF.

# 4.2 Connecting note

### Note

Installation should only be performed by qualified personnel and in accordance with local governing regulations.

### 4.3 Direct connection



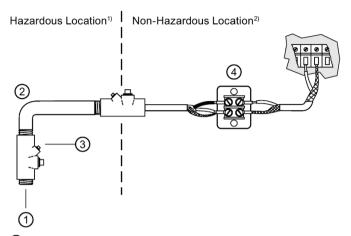
- ① Connection for Transducer
- Metal conduit
- ③ Explosion proof conduit seal

- Black
- White
- 6 Drain/shield
- 1) Class I, Div. 1, Group A, B, C, D or Class II, Div. 1, Group E, F, G
- 2) Safe

### Note

When connecting to SITRANS LUT400, SITRANS LUC500, MultiRanger 100/200, or HydroRanger 200, the white, black, and shield wires are all connected separately. DO NOT tie the white and shield wires together.

# 4.4 Coaxial connection

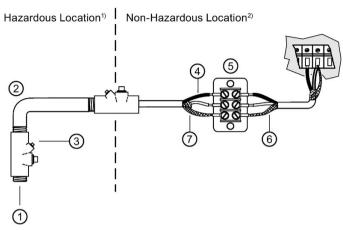


- ① Connection for Transducer
- 2 Metal conduit
- ③ Explosion proof conduit seal
- 4 Junction box
- 1) Class I, Div. 1, Group A,B,C,D or Class II, Div. 1, Group E,F,G
- 2) Safe

### Note

When connecting to SITRANS LUT400, SITRANS LUC500, MultiRanger 100/200, or HydroRanger 200, do NOT use coaxial cable.

### 4.5 2 Wire Extension



- Connection for Transducer
- 2 Metal conduit
- 3 Explosion proof conduit seal
- 4 Black

- ⑤ Junction box
- 6 Drain/shield
- White
- 1) Class I, Div. 1, Group A,B,C,D or Class II, Div. 1, Group E,F,G
- 2) Safe

### Note

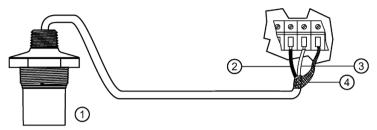
When connecting to SITRANS LUT400, SITRANS LUC500, MultiRanger 100/200, or HydroRanger 200, the white, black, and shield wires are all connected separately. DO NOT tie the white and shield wires together.

# 4.6 3 Terminal

### Note

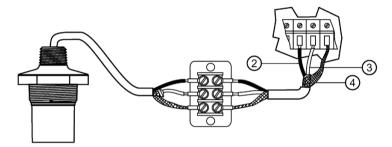
For SITRANS LUT400, MultiRanger 100/200, and HydroRanger 200 only.

### 3 Terminal Direct



- ① ST-H Transducer
- ② Black
- 3 White
- 4 Shield

### 3 Terminal Extension



Extend cable using 0.823 mm<sup>2</sup> (18 AWG) shielded/twisted pair.

Technical data

### Note

### **Device specifications**

Siemens makes every attempt to ensure the accuracy of these specifications but reserves the right to change them at any time.

For a complete listing, including Approvals, see the full operating instructions.

# 5.1 Specifications

Specification	XRS-5/5C	ST-H	XPS-10	XPS-15/15F	XPS-30	
Process Application						
Application	Liquids Liquids and Soli			ids		
Max. range1)	8 m (26 ft)	10 m (33 ft)		15 m (50 ft)	30 m (100 ft)	
Min. range	0.3 m (1 ft)			Standard: 0.3 m (1 ft) XPS-15F: 0.45 m (1.5 ft)	0.6 m (2 ft)	
Vessel Pressure	Vented to atmosphere					
Operation						
Beam Angle	10°	10°   12°   6°				
Frequency	44 kHz 30 kHz					
Temperature Sensor	Internal					
Supply Source	Transducer shall only be supplied by a Siemens certified controller					
Environmental						
Location	Indoor/outdoor					
Max. altitude	2000 m					
Max.	65 °C (149 °F)	ATEX:	95 °C (203 °F)			
temperature		60 °C (140 °F)				
Min.	-20 °C (-4 °F)	-20 °C (-5 °F)	-40 °C (-40	Standard:	-40 °C (-40 °F)	
temperature			°F)	-40 °C (-40 °F) XPS-15F: -20 °C (-4 °F)		
Pollution	4					
degree	degree					
Construction						

Specification	XRS-5/5C	ST-H	XPS-10	XPS-15/15F	XPS-30
Enclosure	<ul> <li>PVDF Copolymer</li> <li>CSM</li> <li>Option: Flange with PTFE facing</li> </ul>	ETFE     Option:     PVDF	<ul> <li>PVDF</li> <li>Option: foam facing</li> <li>Option: flange with PTFE facing</li> </ul>	PVDF     Option:     flange with     Option:     PTFE fac-     ing	<ul> <li>PVDF</li> <li>Option: foam facing</li> <li>Option: flange with PTFE facing</li> </ul>
Thread size	R 1" [(BSPT), EN 10226] 1" NP	1" and 2" NPT R 2" [(BSPT), EN 10226] 2" [(BSPP), EN ISO 228-1]	R 1" [(BSPT),E 1" NPT	N 10226]	R 1.5" [(BSPT), EN 10226] Universal thread 1.5" NPT
Colour	Blue	White	Blue	Standard: Blue XPS-15F: Gray	Blue
Cabling					
Cable Type	2-wire shield- ed/twisted, 0.5 mm²(18 AWG) PVC jacket	2-core shield- ed/twisted, 0.519 mm² (20 AWG),PVC sheath	2-wire shielded / twisted, 0.5 mm² (20 AWG) PVC jacket		
Max. separation from Transceiver	Max. 365 m (1200 ft) from transducer separation from				
Miscellaneous					
Ingress Protection	IP65/IP68	IP68	IP66/IP68		
Weight <sup>2)</sup>	1.2 kg (2.6 lb)	1.4 kg (3 lb)	0.8 kg (1.8 lb)	1.3 kg (2.8 lb)	4.3 kg (9.5 lb)
Options	Factory flange to suit ANSI, DIN, or JIS standard Submergence shield, where flooding can occur Split flange for field	Flange adapter, refer to associated instructions			
Approvals	mounting to suit ANSI, DIN, or JIS standard For approvals in	formation refer to	Appendix B: Cer	tificates. (Page 4	7)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1)</sup> Application conditions such as extreme dust or angle of repose may reduce the usable maximum range. Consult a local sales person for more details.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2)</sup> Approximate shipping weight of transducer with standard cable length

Applications

### Note

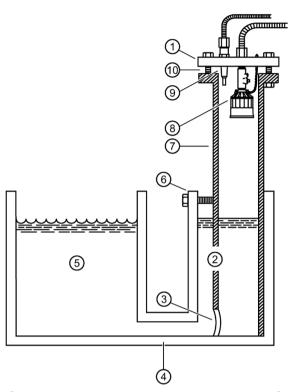
- The transducer is to be used only in the manner outlined in this operating instructions.
- Normally, the transducer requires no cleaning or maintenance. However, if performance changes are observed, immediately shut down the level measurement system and perform a thorough inspection, especially on the transducer.
- An XPS-15F transducer is shown in these examples. An explosion proof conduit seal may not be required.

# A.1 Liquids applications

# A.1.1 Stilling well with standpipe

### **Open Channel Flow Measurement**

A stilling well and/or standpipe is hydraulically connected to the primary element and used to reduce the effect of waves and surges that may be present in a primary element. Stilling well and/or standpipe are most often found in older installations where a floating gauge may have been used.



- ① Blind flange
- Stilling will with standpipe installed
- 3 Inlet from stilling well into standpipe
- 4 Inlet from primary element to stilling well
- 5 Primary element

- 6 Support for standpipe in stilling well
- Standpipe
- 8 Transducer
- 9 TS-31)
- ① Air vent

Refer to Standpipes (Page 38).

## A.1.2 Submergence

Open Channel Flow Measurement

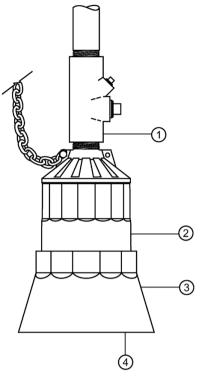
In applications where flooding is possible, the transducer can be fitted with a submergence shield<sup>1)</sup>. The shield acts as a bell to create an air pocket in front of the transducer face. The associated transceiver\* interprets this as a flooding condition, and reacts accordingly.

#### Note

Refer to transceiver manual for programming requirements.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1)</sup> The use of a TS-3 temperature sensor provides better temperature tracking in applications where the temperature can change quickly.

#### A.1 Liquids applications



- Explosion proof conduit seal
- Transducer
- 3 Submergence shield<sup>1) 2)</sup>
- 4 Air pocket

- 1) On applicable models
- <sup>2)</sup> Refer to associated instruction manual 7ML19981EG01 for assembly details

## A.1.3 Standpipes

#### **Open Channel Flow Measurement**

In many applications, access must be made via a standpipe. In such cases, a Siemens flange adapter can be used to mate to the flanged standpipe. Another option is to hang the transducer from a blind flange, respecting chemical compatibility.

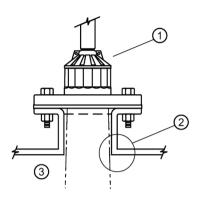
The standpipe length should be as short and the diameter as large as possible. As a rule of thumb, the -3 dB cone of the sound beam should not intersect the standpipe wall in applications opening into a vessel or larger area. Otherwise, additional blanking will be required to compensate for the interference zone created by the opening.

#### Note

When using a stilling well, make sure there is no build-up, welds, couplings, or other debris on the inside of the well wall. This can affect reliability of level measurement.

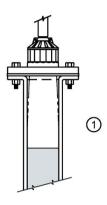
<sup>\*</sup> on applicable models

### A.1 Liquids applications



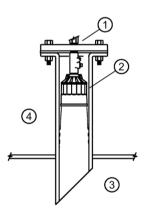
- Flanged transducer
- ② No intersection
- (3) Vessel

No additional blanking required



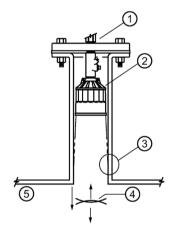
No vessel

No additional blanking required



- Nipple welded into blind flange
- ② Transducer
- Standpipe end cut on a 45° angle typically
- Transducer can read level inside or below standpipe

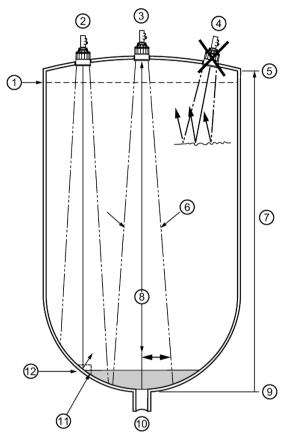
No additional blanking required



- 1 Nipple welded into blind flange
- ② Transducer
- ③ Sound beam intersects
- Reflection at interference zone created by opening
- (5) Vessel

Near blanking extension of 150 mm (6") past end of standpipe may be required

### A.1.4 Volume



- 1 Main fill level for full calibration. Above this level erroneous readings will result as level has entered blanking zone.
- ② 'Alternate'
- (3) 'Preferred'
- (4) 'Bad'
- 5 Tank manufacturer's full level
- 6 Beam angle

- Span: Corresponds to tank manufacturer's empty level
- 8 Rise
- Tank manufacturer's empty level
- ① Discharge
- May require target to obtain empty reading
- ② Empty level for 'alternate' locations. Below this level, echo would reflect away from the transducer.

#### Notes:

#### 1. Beam should not detect bin bottom.

If this occurs, use range extension parameters (on transceivers where available) to omit false echoes.

#### 2. Sound beam must be perpendicular to liquid surface.

When mounting the standpipe and flange, you must ensure that the transducer face will be parallel with the liquid's surface. Refer to Standpipes (Page 38).

### 3. Echo has missed improperly leveled transducer.

As in the second bullet, ensure that the standpipe and flange are mounted to set the transducer face level with the measured liquid.

#### 4. Calibrate under normal conditions.

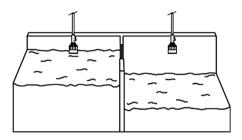
When performing an empty or full calibration, the tank must contain its normal vapour and be at its normal temperature.

### 5. This seal is not supplied by Siemens.

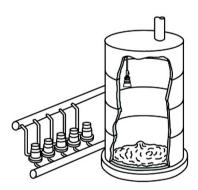
The XPS-15F and XRS-5C Series transducer comes equipped with a stainless steel coupling suitable for use in hazardous locations.

### A.1.5 Water/wastewater

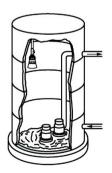
#### **Differential level**



## Pump control



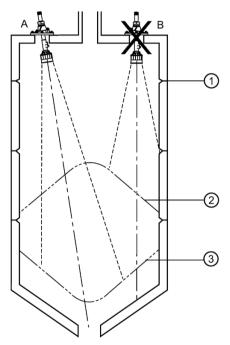
### Sewage lift



## A.2 Solids applications

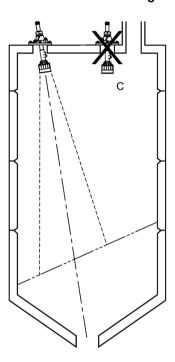
## A.2.1 Typical

- A Transducer angled to avoid seams in bin wall and aimed at discharge in order to read bin when empty.
- B Avoid intersecting bin wall seams, structural members and wall irregularities.

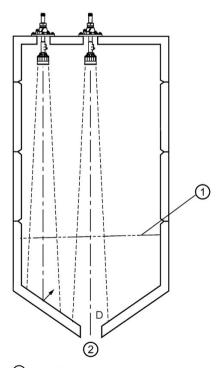


- 1 Bin wall seams
- ② Filling profile
- 3 Emptying profile

C - Transducer too close to material inlet. Falling material will intersect sound beam and cause erroneous readings or loss of echo.



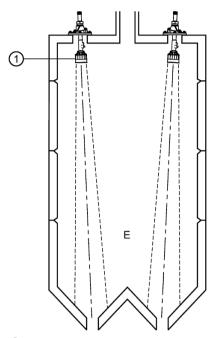
D - On fluid-like solids, aim transducer perpendicular to material surface.



- Minimal angle of repose
- ② Discharge

## A.2 Solids applications

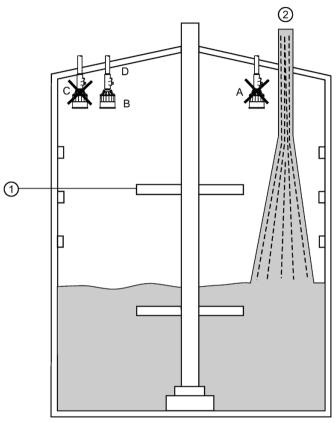
## E - On dual discharge bins, aim each transducer at the discharge point.



1 Transducer

## A.2.2 Special

#### Storage bin with agitator



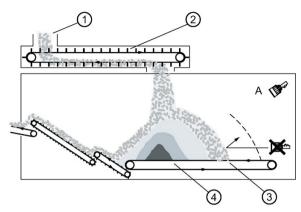
- 1 Agitator
- 2 Infeed
- A Transducer should be kept away from infeed.
- B Where agitators are in use, use the Agitator Discrimination parameter on transceivers, where available.
- C Transducer should be aimed away from wall projections.
- D This seal is not supplied by Siemens.

The XPS-15F and XRS-5C transducer comes equipped with a stainless steel coupling suitable for use in hazardous locations.

#### Dryer - wood chips

Transducer should be mounted perpendicular to slope of wood chips.

## A.2 Solids applications



- ① Drag conveyor
- 2 Infeed
- Typical high level
- 4 Typical low level

A - Transducer should be mounted perpendicular to slope of wood chips.

Certificates

## B.1 Wiring setups for hazardous area installations

#### Note

Check the device nameplate, confirm the approval rating, and perform installation and wiring according to your local safety codes.

#### **Device nameplates**

#### XRS-5/5C



#### **XPS-10**



#### **XPS-15**



#### **XPS-30**



#### B.1 Wiring setups for hazardous area installations

#### ST-H

### Intrinsically Safe wiring

#### (ATEX/INMETRO/C-TICK/CSA)



### (FM)



The ATEX certificates and CSA Intrinsically Safe connection drawings can be downloaded from the product page of our website at:

https://www.automation.siemens.com/w1/automation-technologyst- h-transducer-18736.htm (http://www.siemens.com/processinstrumentation/certificates).

Go to **Support > Approvals/Certificates** for the ATEX certificate.

Go to Support > Installation Drawings > Level Measurement > Continuous - Ultrasonic downloading the CSA Intrinsically Safe connection drawing number 1-9470004Z-DX-A.

The IECEx certificate listed on the nameplate can be viewed on the IECEx website. Go to: http://iecex.iec.ch (<a href="http://iecex.iec.ch">http://iecex.iec.ch</a>) and click Certified Equipment, then search for the certificate number IECEx SIR 13.0009X.

Refer to Instructions specific to hazardous area installations (Page 49).

## B.2 Instructions specific to hazardous area installations

### (Reference European ATEX Directive 2014/34/EU, Annex II, 1/0/6)

These following instructions apply to equipment covered by certificate numbers SIRA 99ATEX5091X (XRS-5), SIRA 99ATEX5153X (XPS Transducers) and SIRA 13ATEX5017X (ST-H).

- 1. The XPS-10 and XPS-15 are certified for use as Category 2GD while the XPS-30 is certified for use as Category 2G 1D per SIRA 99ATEX5153X.
- 2. The equipment may be used with flammable gases and vapors with the following apparatus groups and temperature classes:

	XRS-5	XPS Transducer	ST-H
Apparatus group	II	II	II
Temperature class	T1 to T6	T1 to T4	T5

3. The XRS-5 equipment has a temperature class of T85 °C and may be used with flammable dusts.

The XPS Transducers equipment has a degree of ingress protection of IP67 and a temperature class of T135 °C and may be used with flammable dusts.

4. The equipment is certified for use in the following temperature range:

	XRS-5	XPS Transducer	ST-H
Temperature range	-20 °C to +65 °C	-40 °C to + 95 °C	-20 °C to +60 °C

- 5. The equipment has not been assessed as a safety related device as referred to by EC Directive 2014/34/EU, Annex II, clause 1.5.
- 6. The certificate has a 'X' suffix, which indicates that special conditions of installation and use apply. Those installing or inspecting this equipment must have access to the contents of the certificate.
- 7. The apparatus shall only be supplied from a circuit containing a suitably rated fuse having a breaking capacity of at least 1500A.
- 8. Installation and inspection of this equipment shall be carried out by suitably trained personnel in accordance to the applicable code of practice (EN 60079-14 and EN 60079-17 within Europe).
- 9. The equipment is non-repairable.

#### B.2 Instructions specific to hazardous area installations

10. The certification of the transducers rely upon the following materials used in their construction:

XRS-5	XPS Transducer	ST-H
<ul> <li>PVDF housing material</li> <li>CR housing material</li> <li>EPDM housing material</li> <li>CSM housing material</li> <li>Henkel ES2510 (Formerly SCP1252-19C) encapsulant</li> </ul>	PVDF housing material     Henkel ES2510 (Formerly SCP1252-19C) encapsulant	<ul> <li>Norton Performance Plastics Chemgrip bonding compound</li> <li>ETFE housing material</li> <li>PVDF housing material</li> <li>Dow-Coming 3-4207 encapsulant</li> <li>Royal EPOCAP 42174/52174</li> <li>Cotronics Durapot 864 encapsulant</li> </ul>

- 11.If the equipment is likely to come into contact with aggressive substances, then it is the responsibility of the user to take suitable precautions that prevent it from being adversely affected, thus ensuring that the type of protection is not compromised.
  - Aggressive substances: for example, acidic liquids or gases that may attack metals, or solvents that may affect polymeric materials.
  - Suitable precautions: for example, establishing from the material's data sheet that it is resistant to specific chemicals.

Support

## C.1 Technical support

## **Technical Support**

If this documentation does not provide complete answers to any technical questions you may have, contact Technical Support at:

- Support request (http://www.siemens.com/automation/support-request)
- More information about our Technical Support is available at Technical Support (http://www.siemens.com/automation/csi/service)

### Internet Service & Support

In addition to our documentation, Siemens provides a comprehensive support solution at:

Services & Support (http://www.siemens.com/automation/service&support)

#### Personal contact

If you have additional questions about the device, please contact your Siemens personal contact at:

Partner (http://www.automation.siemens.com/partner)

To find the personal contact for your product, go to "All Products and Branches" and select "Products & Services > Industrial Automation > Process Instrumentation".

#### **Documentation**

You can find documentation on various products and systems at:

 Instructions and manuals (http://www.siemens.com/processinstrumentation/documentation)

### C.2 Certificates

You can find certificates on the Internet at Certificates (http://www.siemens.com/processinstrumentation/certificates) or on an included DVD.

# Index

C	M	
Certificates, 9, 51	Manuals, 51	
Compact Operating Instructions, 51	Modifications	
Customer Support, (Refer to Technical Support)	correct usage, 10	
	improper, 10	
D		
Disassembly, 16	0	
Documentation, 51	Operating Instructions, 51	
Dryer, 45		
	Q	
Н	Qualified personnel, 11	
Hazardous area		
Laws and directives, 9	S	
Qualified personnel, 11	Scope of delivery, 5	
Hotlline, (Refer to Support request)	Service, 51	
	Service & Support, 51	
1	Internet, 51	
Instuctions and manuals, 51	Solids application	
	special, 45	
L	typical, 42	
Laws and directives	Standpipes, 38	
Disassembly, 9	Stilling well, 37	
Personell, 9	Storage bin, 45	
Liquids application	Submergence, 37	
Standpipes, 38	Support, 51	
Stilling well, 37	Support request, 51	
submergence, 37		
Volume, 40	Т	
Water/wastewater, 41	Technical data, 34	
	Technical support	
	Partner, 51	

Technical Support, 51

Personal contact, 51

Temperature sensor, 37

Test certificates, 9

## ٧

Volume, 40

## W

Warning symbols, 9

Warranty, 6

Water/wastewater, 41